

Greenwich Hour Angle Calculations using Lindbergh-Weems Second-Setting Watch

Examples and Simulation Graphics by Edward Popko

Dial and Time Hand Functions

- Bezel rotates to compensate for whole minutes of Equation of Time (EoT). Rotate counter clock-wise when positive, clock-wise when negative. If EoT is 00:00, align bezel 15° mark with 12:00 dial
- Hour hand reads whole degrees from face dial (is performing $\text{hrs} \times 15$ degrees)
- Minute hand reads degrees and whole 15/30/45 minutes arc from bezel
- Second hand reads arc minutes and seconds (dots between arc minutes) from central dial
- Center dial tick displays additional EoT seconds correction to GHA's arc minutes and seconds (dots between arc minutes) to be added for +EoT or subtracted if -EoT

Finding GHA

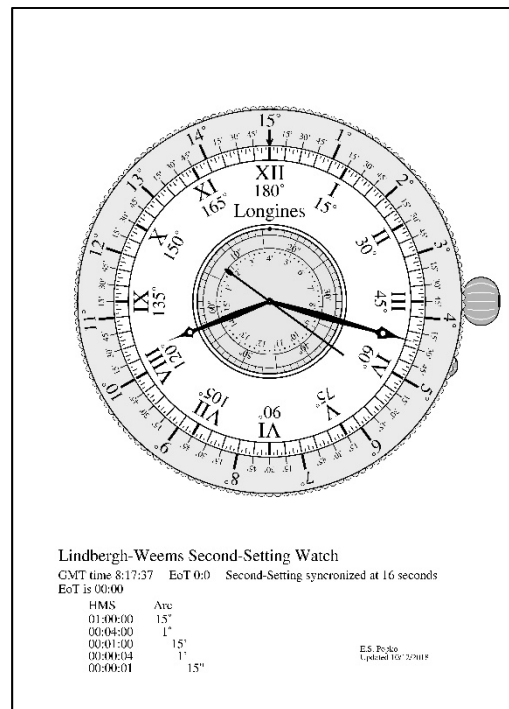
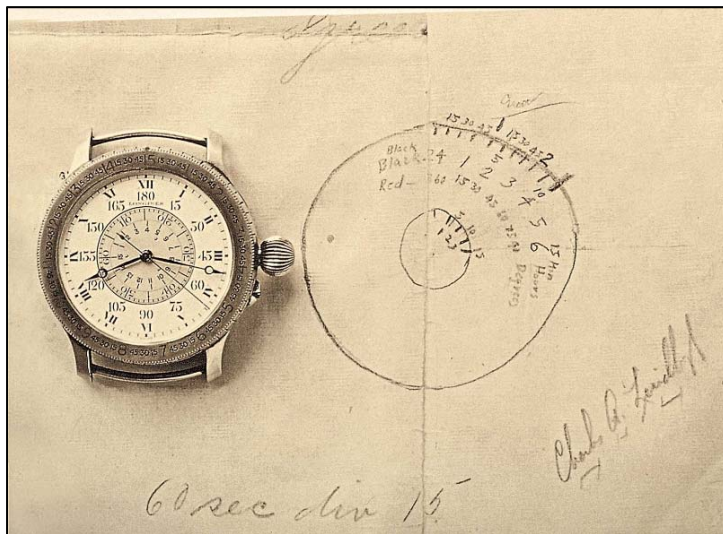
1. Bezel is already set for EoT minutes (see above)
2. If GMT (displayed on a 12-hour watch face) is AM, start list with 180°. GMT is on lower meridian at midnight, GHA is measured west from Greenwich Meridian. For PM GMT display, no correction is needed.
3. Read hour hand, whole degrees of arc from main dial, add to list.
4. Read minute hand, whole degrees plus any whole increment of 15/30/45 arc-minutes from bezel. Add to list. Note that if minute hand is left of 15° bezel mark, use one hour less in step 3.
5. Read second hand on central dial, whole arc-minutes and whole 14/30/45 arc-seconds (dots between arc-minutes). Add to list.
6. Read central face EoT tick mark. This last correction never exceeds 15" arc. Sign is positive if EoT is positive, negative otherwise. Note that EoT minutes, if any, were set on bezel, its rotation clock or counter-clock wise depends on EoT's sign.
7. GHA is sum of list

Concept Drawing for Longines' Second-Setting Watch GMT 08:17:37 EoT 00:00²

No bezel or center dial compensation for EoT. Second-Setting center face rotation 16 seconds for synchronizing the second hand at zero seconds.

180° sun is on the lower meridian at midnight
 120° hour hand
 4° 15' minute hand
 + 9' 15" second hand

 304° 24' 15" GHA



² Photo: www.hautetime.com/celebrating-the-lindbergh-hour-angle-watch-with-longines/83312/,
 Graphic: Lindbergh-Weems Second-Setting Watch v8 Sketch.jpg

Photo of Original Longines' Second-Setting Watch GMT 10:10:09 EoT 00:00³

No bezel or center dial compensation for EoT. No documentation indicating an Equation of Time. Second-Setting center face rotation is likely synchronizing the second hand at zero seconds.

180° sun is on the lower meridian at midnight
150° hour hand
2° 30' minute hand
+ 2' 15" second hand

332° 32' 15" GHA



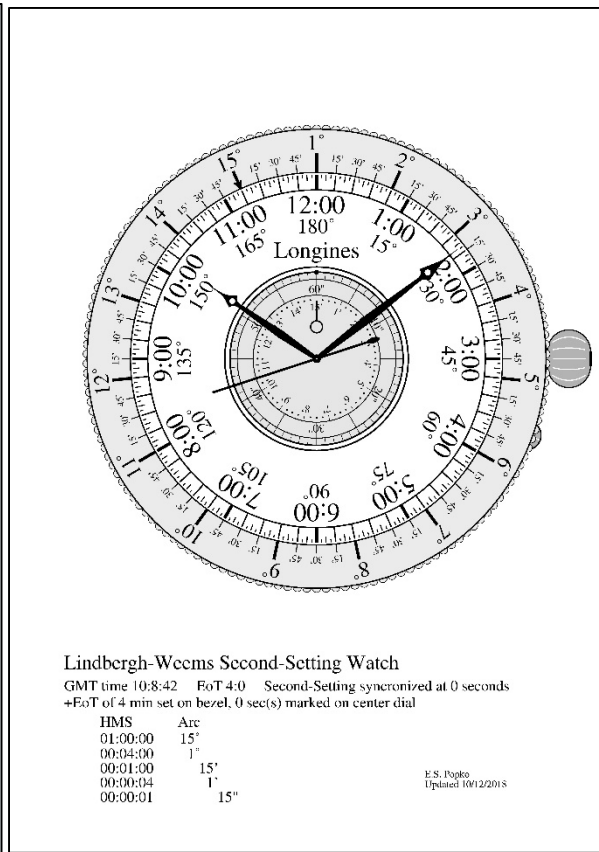
³ Photo: www.hautetime.com/celebrating-the-lindbergh-hour-angle-watch-with-longines/83312/

Lindbergh Hour Angle Watch GMT 10:08:42 EoT +04:00

Bezel counter clockwise 4 minutes for +EoT, no seconds on center dial.

- 180° sun is on the lower meridian at midnight
- 150° hour hand main dial
- 3° minute hand bezel dial
- + 10' 30" second hand center dial

333° 10' 30" GHA



4

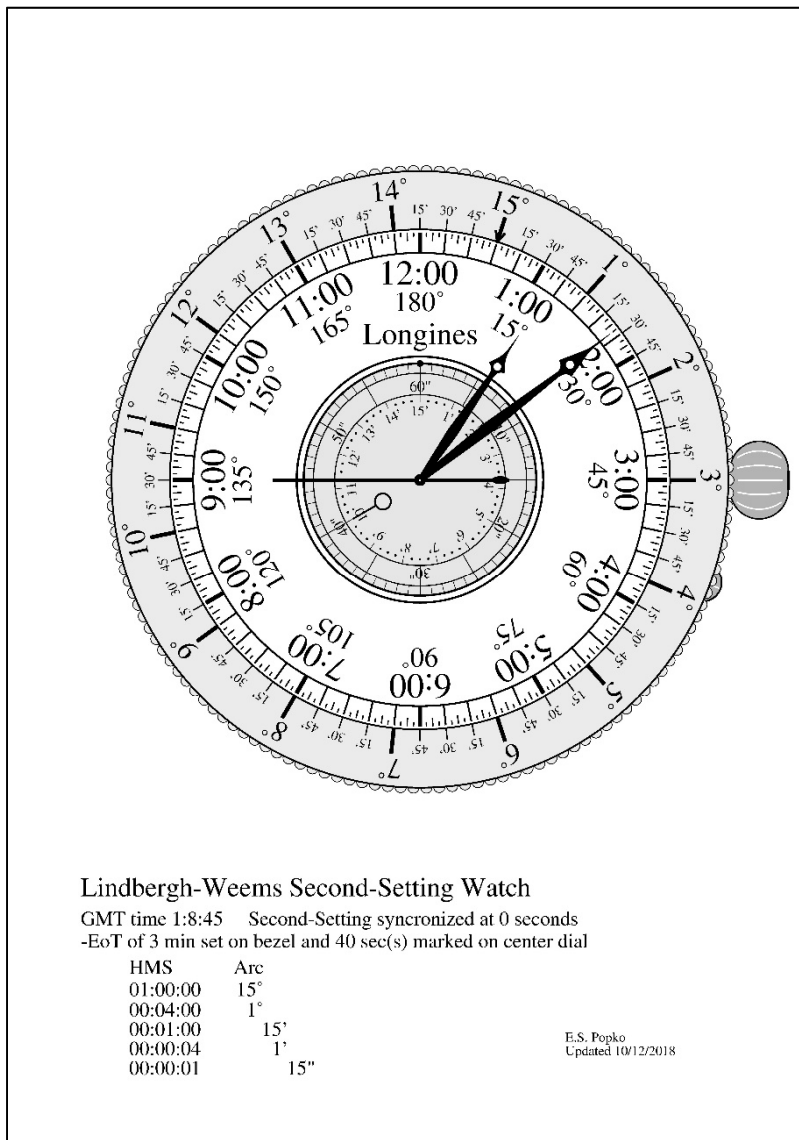
⁴ Longines promotional photo, www.longines.com/watches/heritage-collection/l2-678-4-11-0,
 Graphic: Lindbergh-Weems Second-Setting Watch v8 Ex 18.jpg

Gary LaPook's Example GMT 01:08:45 EoT -03:40⁵

Bezel clockwise 3 minutes for -EoT, 40 seconds on center dial (marked)

- 180° sun is on the lower meridian at midnight
- 15° hour hand main dial
- 1° 15' minute hand bezel dial
- 11' 15" second hand center dial
- + -10' center dial EoT seconds compensation, negative sign since slow

196° 16' 15" GHA



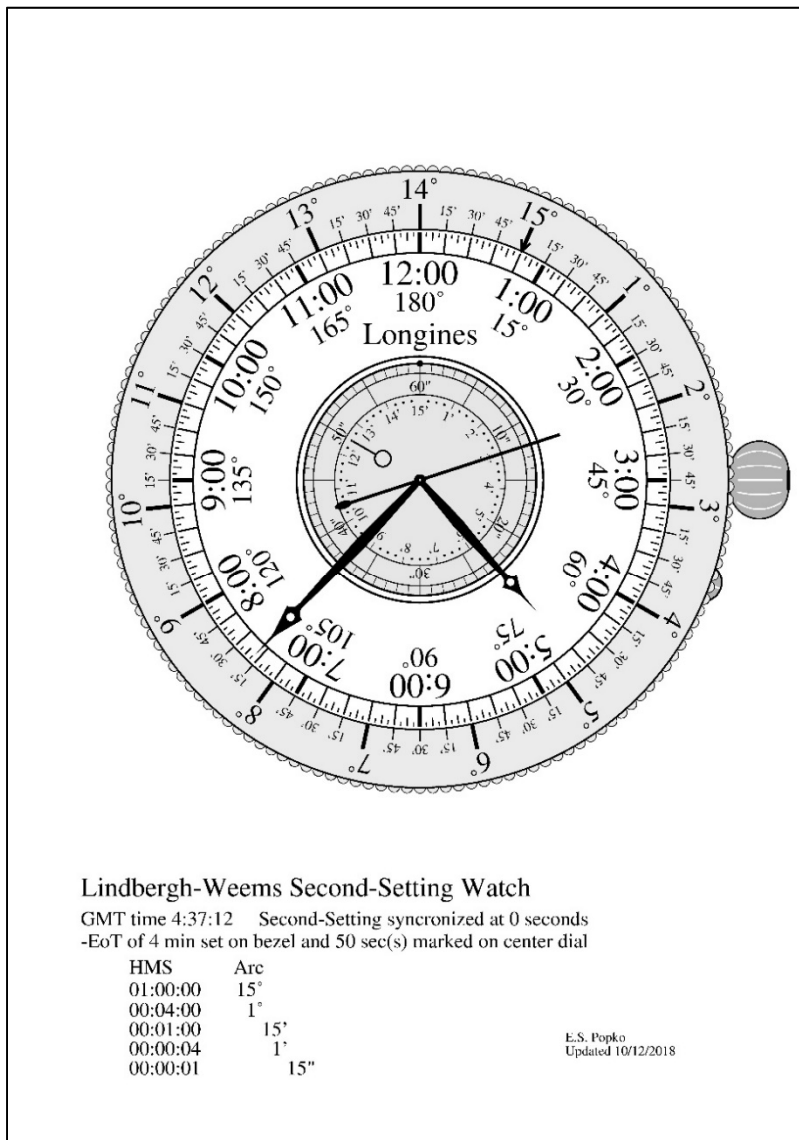
⁵ Graphic: Lindbergh-Weems Second-Setting Watch v8 Ex 12.jpg

Longines Watch Guide Example GMT 04:37:12 EoT -04:50⁶

Bezel clockwise 4 minutes for -EoT, 50 seconds on center dial (marked)

- 180° sun is on the lower meridian at midnight
- 60° hour hand main dial
- 8° 15' minute hand bezel dial
- 3' second hand center dial
- + -12' 30" center dial tick EoT seconds compensation, negative sign since slow

248° 05' 30" GHA



⁶ Graphic: Lindbergh-Weems Second-Setting Watch v8 Ex 10.jpg

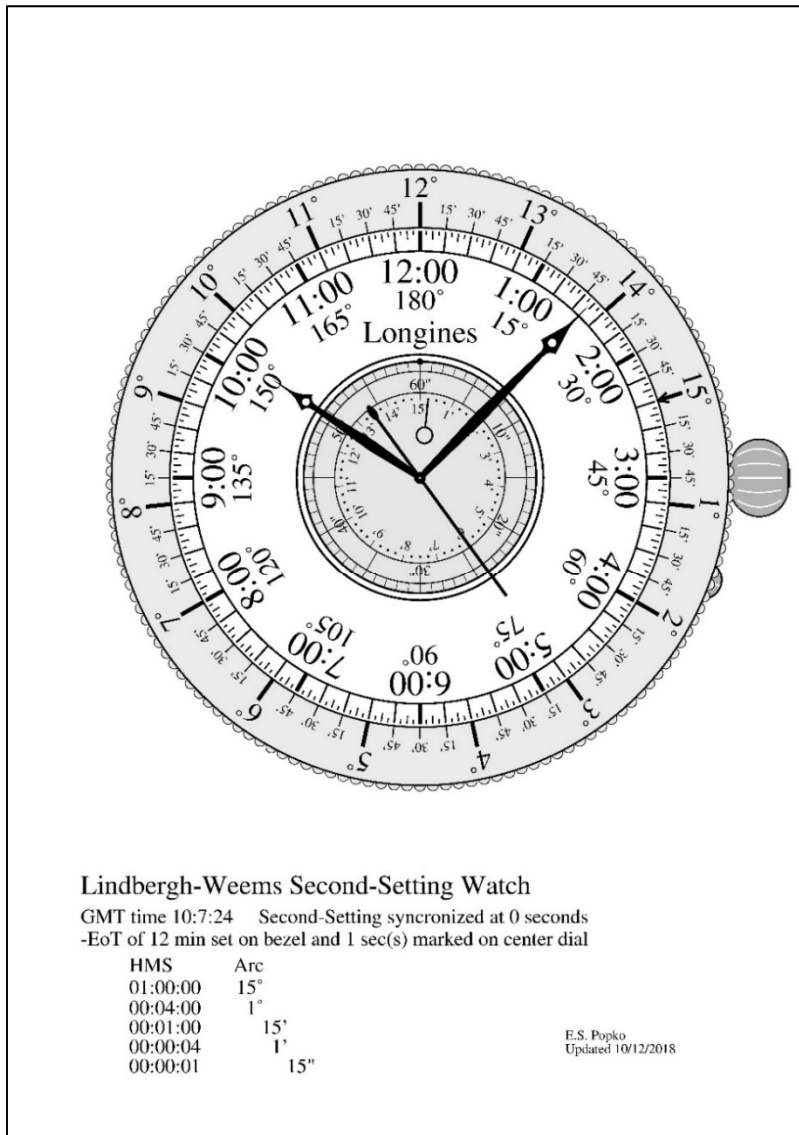
Important Example GMT 10:07:24 EoT -12:01⁷

Bezel clockwise 12 minutes for -EoT, 01 second on center dial (marked)

When the minute hand points left of bezel 15° mark, you must subtract one hour from hour hand!

180° sun is on the lower meridian at midnight
 135° hour hand at 150°, but use 135° because minute hand is left of 15° bezel mark
 13° 45' minute hand bezel dial
 6' second hand center dial
 + -15" center dial tick EoT seconds compensation, negative sign since slow

 328° 50' 45" GHA



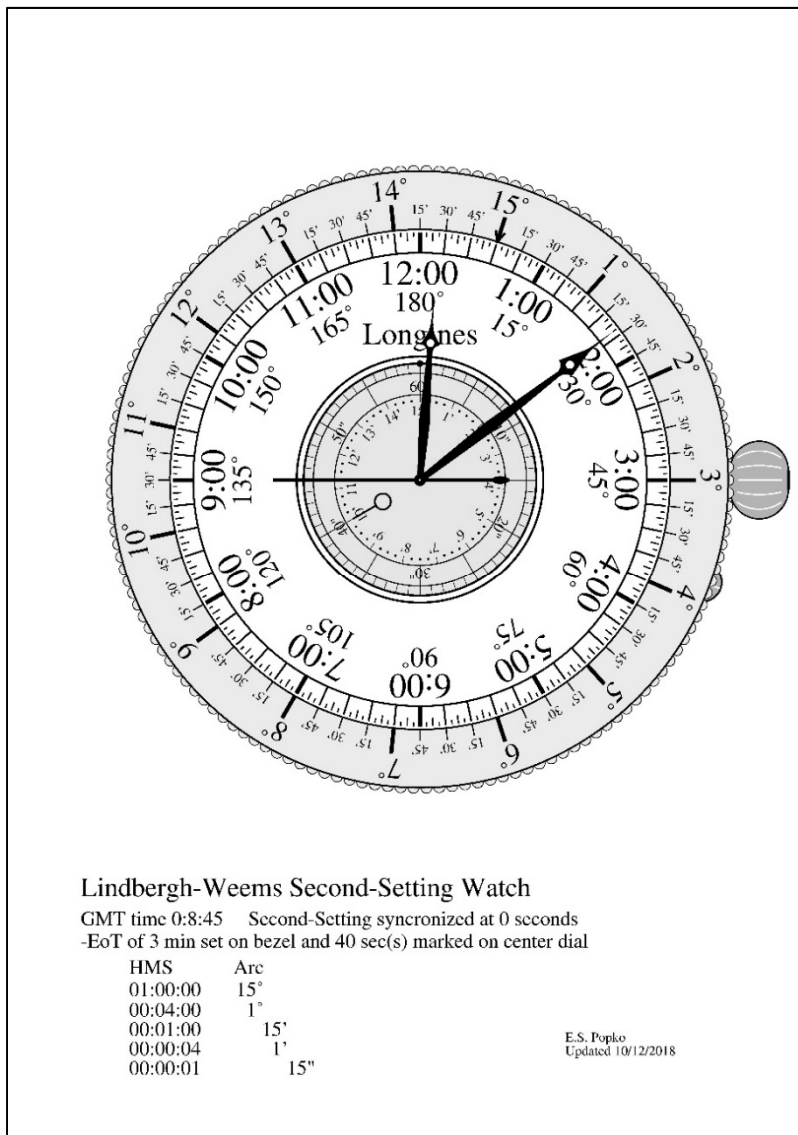
⁷ Graphic: Lindbergh-Weems Second-Setting Watch v8 Ex 13.jpg

GMT 00:08:45 EoT -03:40⁸

Bezel clockwise 3 minutes for -EoT, 40 seconds on center dial (marked)

180° sun is on the lower meridian at midnight
0° hour hand less than a full hour main dial
1° 15" minute hand bezel dial
11' 15" second hand center dial
+ -10' center dial tick EoT seconds compensation, negative sign since slow

181° 16' 15" GHA



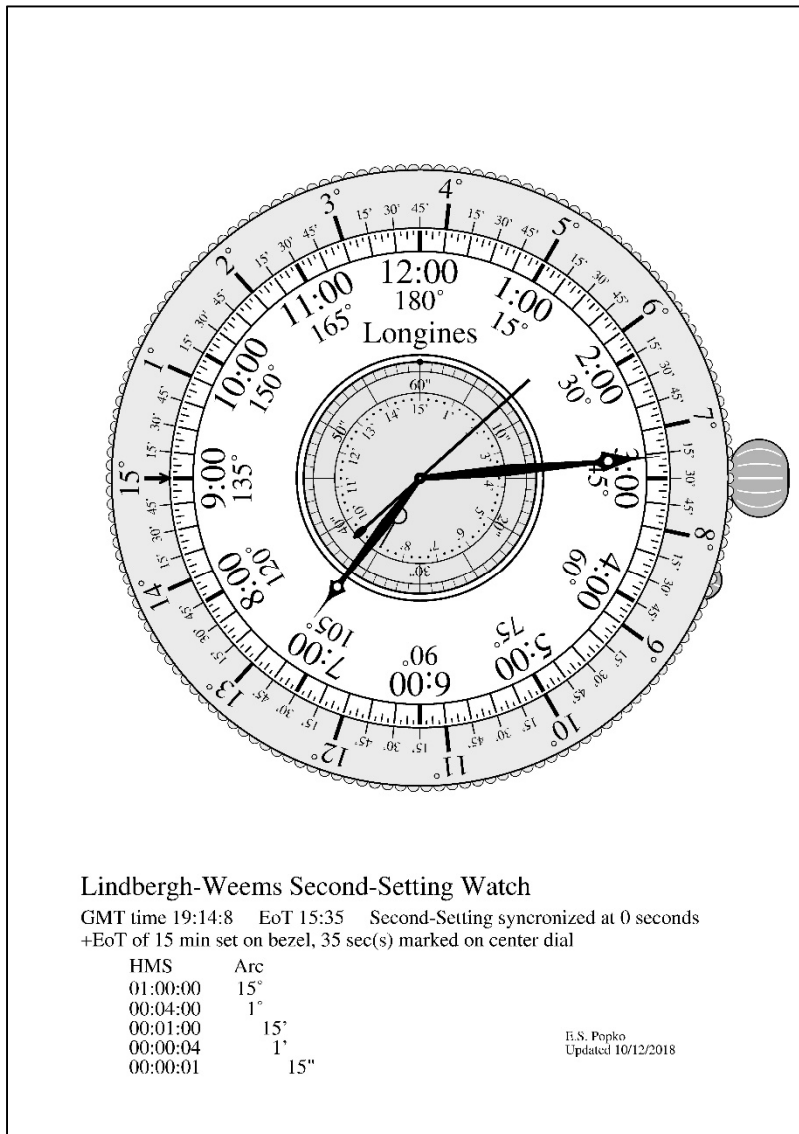
⁸ Graphic: Lindbergh-Weems Second-Setting Watch v8 Ex 17.jpg

GMT 19:14:08 EoT +15:40⁹

Bezel counter clockwise 15 minutes for +EoT, 40 seconds on center dial (marked)

105° hour hand less than a full hour main dial
7° 15' minute hand bezel dial
2' second hand center dial
+ +8' 45" center dial tick EoT seconds compensation, negative sign since slow

112° 25' 45" GHA



⁹ Graphic: Lindbergh-Weems Second-Setting Watch v8 Ex 20.jpg

Longines Guide to Lindbergh Hour Angle Watch Instructions¹⁰

L614, L699 – THE LINDBERGH HOUR ANGLE WATCH

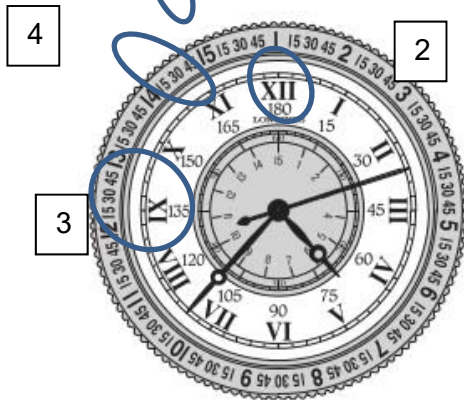


Consequently:

The hour hand indicates 15° per hour. One complete circle of the dial (12 hours) is equivalent to 180°.

The minute hand indicates 1° per 4', in other words 15° per hour. Each of the 15° is subdivided into four sectors of 15' of arc. All these indications are engraved on the rotating bezel.

One complete circle of the centre seconds is equivalent to 15°. The rotating central dial is divided into 60" and 15' of arc.



Therefore move the marker situated at "15" on the bezel 4 graduations to the left. **1** The graduations represent the minutes engraved on the case.

Your data are as follows: **2**

| | | |
|----------------------------|----------|----------------|
| Seconds hand (centre dial) | 3 | 3' |
| Minute hand (bezel) | | 10° 15' |
| Hour hand (main dial) | | 60° |

As you have only turned the bezel by 4 minutes, you still have to take into account the 50 seconds (the equation of time for the day in question). **4**

On the central dial, the 50 is opposite 12½ ./. **12½'**

Greenwich hour angle of the sun
(your longitude) **70° 5½'**

How to use your Lindbergh Hour Angle Watch

Having synchronised your watch with a time signal. As an example when you check it your watch shows 4 hours, 37 minutes and 12 seconds. The equation of time for the day in question is minus 4 minutes and 50 seconds.

¹⁰ Longines' Lindbergh Hour Angle Watch Users Guide, www.longines.com/watches/heritage-collection/l2-678-4-11-0