

(0)

LoP = _____

Dec ____°____' (N/S)

GHA ____°____'

iteration #0
Lat_{AP} ____°____' (N/S)
Lon_{AP} ____°____' (E/W)iteration #1
Lat_{AP} ____°____' (N/S)
Lon_{AP} ____°____' (E/W)iteration #2
Lat_{AP} ____°____' (N/S)
Lon_{AP} ____°____' (E/W)(1) LHA = GHA + Lon_{AP}

$$\begin{aligned} \text{GHA } & \text{ ____}^{\circ} \text{ ____}' \\ \pm \text{ Lon}_{\text{AP}} & \text{ ____}^{\circ} \text{ ____}' \\ = t & \text{ ____}^{\circ} \text{ ____}' \\ \pm 360^{\circ}00' & \\ \text{LHA} & = \text{ ____}^{\circ} \text{ ____}' \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} & + \text{ for East, } - \text{ for West} \\ \text{If } t < 0^{\circ} & \quad \text{LHA} = t + 360^{\circ} \\ \text{if } t > 360^{\circ} & \quad \text{LHA} = t - 360^{\circ} \\ \text{if } 0^{\circ} < t < 360^{\circ} & \quad \text{LHA} = t \end{aligned}$$

(2)

		0°	< LHA <	90°	< LHA <	180°	< LHA <	270°	< LHA <	360°	
		H = LHA	H = 180° - LHA	H = LHA - 180°	H = 360° - LHA						
LHA	____°____'		179°60'	LHA ____°____'	359°60'						
= H	____°____'	- LHA ____°____'	= H ____°____'	= H ____°____'	= H ____°____'						
If H < 1° or H > 89° choose Lon _{AP} to bring H within the 1°~89° range											
sign rule w	Lat _{AP} and Dec same name	+W	-W	-W	+W						
w	Lat _{AP} and Dec contrary name	-W	-W	-W	-W						

If Dec < 1° set W = Dec skipping tan(Dec)/cos(H) division

(3) tan(W) = tan(Dec) / cos(H)

cos	cotan
set 0°	
	set Dec
set H	
	read W

If Lat_{AP} < 1° assume Lat_{AP} = 1°(3a) X = 90° - Lat_{AP} ± W

89°60'

- Lat_{AP} ____°____'(PD_{AP}) = ____°____'

± W ____°____'

= X ____°____'

X	< 90°	< X
Y = X	Y = 180° - X	
X ____°____'	179°60'	
= Y ____°____'	- X ____°____'	
	= Y ____°____'	

If Y > 89° choose Lat_{AP} to make Y < 89°

(4) tan(Az) = cos(W) · tan(H) / cos(Y)

cos	cotan
set W	
	set H
set Y	
	read Az

Compute Zn from Az.

Azimuth rules		$0^\circ < \text{LHA} < 180^\circ < \text{LHA} < 360^\circ$
Northern latitude	$X < 90^\circ$	$Zn = Az + 180^\circ$
		$Az \quad \text{_____}^\circ \text{ }' \quad 179^\circ 60'$
		$+ \quad 180^\circ 00'$
	$X > 90^\circ$	$= Zn \quad \text{_____}^\circ \text{ }'$
		$Zn = 360^\circ - Az$
		$359^\circ 60'$
Southern latitude	$X < 90^\circ$	$- Az \quad \text{_____}^\circ \text{ }'$
		$= Zn \quad \text{_____}^\circ \text{ }'$
		$Zn = 360^\circ - Az$
	$X > 90^\circ$	$359^\circ 60'$
		$- Az \quad \text{_____}^\circ \text{ }'$
		$= Zn \quad \text{_____}^\circ \text{ }'$

if $Az < 85^\circ$ or $\text{Lat}_{AP} > 1^\circ$	if $Az > 85^\circ$ or $\text{Lat}_{AP} < 1^\circ$																									
(5a) $\tan(Hc) = \cos(Az) \cdot \tan(Y)$	If $\text{Lat}_{AP} < 1^\circ$ set $W = \text{Lat}_{AP}$, skipping $\tan(\text{Lat}_{AP}) / \cos(H)$ division																									
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Use Zn and Hc for LoP. Done.	If Dec < 1° assume Dec = 1°																									
	(5c) $X = 90^\circ - \text{Dec} \pm W$ $89^\circ 60'$																									
	$- \text{Dec} \quad \text{_____}^\circ \text{ }'$ $(ZD) = \quad \text{_____}^\circ \text{ }'$ $\pm W \quad \text{_____}^\circ \text{ }'$ $= X \quad \text{_____}^\circ \text{ }'$																									
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	(5d) $\tan(Az^*) = \cos(W) \cdot \tan(H) / \cos(Y)$ Do not use Az* for LoP but calculate Hc from it.																									
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